LEXINGTON:-PRINTED BY JOHN BRADFORD, (On Main Street)-PRICE FIFTEEN SHILLINGS PER ANNUM.

## TO THE PUBLIC.

TROW and after the 1st day of January will be published (on the same fized paper it is at present) at two dollars per annum, paid in advance.

Those subsciences who have complied with the former terms, will be continued to the end of their respective, years; or if they choose, may settle their respective accounts up to the 1st day of January next, and be continued on the present terms and as the accounts of most of the present and as the accounts will be continued after that date, who has not complied with the former terms, and whose year will not then expire, or who does not by that time comply with the present terms. As the price of this paper will be as low as any paper of the same size, printed in the Alantic states, where the price of every article used in the Pathantic states, where the price of the same articles here, a rigid adhereance to the above rules cannot afford reasonable cause of offence, to any; especially when shey consider that every article used in the printing business, is little more than half the price paid for the fame articles here, a rigid adhereance to the above rules cannot afford reasonable cause of offence, to any; especially when shey consider that every article used in the printing business, is little more than half the price paid for the fame articles here, a rigid adhereance to the above rules cannot afford reasonable cause of offence, to any; especially when shey consider that every article used in the printing business, is little more than half the price of the same and the price of the same and the printing business, is little more than half the price of the same and the same and

John Bradford.
Lexington, Nov. 7th, 1799.

## To Distillers.

WHEREAS, the 4th fection of the act of Con-gress passed at Philadelphia the 3d of March

JOHN ARTHUR, Col. Rev. September 3d, 1799.

FOHN CLAY,

HAS JUST RECEIVED AND HOW OPENING, A HANDSOME
ASSOCRABET OF

MERCHANDIZE,

TN the house formerly occupied by Mr. Robert MERCHANDIZE,
N the houfe formerly occupied by Mr. Rob
Barr, oppoint Meff. Samuel and George Tr
s, which he will fell on low terms for Coffs
matter Produces, via. Tobacco, Hemp, and Ge
ean Whast, delivered at any of the merchant m
his country or in Woodford. He will purch
BEES—WAX & TALLOW,
For which he will give one half Caffs.

tf
Lexington, December 3d, 1799

On the Leeflown road about 3 miles from Leington on the 26th uit. a pair of new field bags; the owner may get them by applying the fubbriber; and paylingsharges.

Robert Patterson.

Lexington, December 3d, 1790.

WANTED IMMEDIATELY,

Lexington, September 23d, 1799

November 28th, 1799.

M.R. ED. VAUGHAN is requested to fend the letters and papers that were directed to me, from Netherland sen. in Artinia, to Mr. John Bradford, printer in Lexington, and he will mach

B. Nesberland.

ROBERT FRAZER,

N. B. The highest price for old Gold and Silver.

NOTICF.

A LL persons are hereby cautioned given by me to John M'Kinny, of Bourbon county, for one hundred acres of land on Red river, to be taken out of William Jones's location of 3932 acres—the bond dated I think on the 5th day of April 1797; as I am determined not to comply with said bond, unless compelled by law.

(A copy)

Tele,

Benjamin Grayson, Cl. Cur.

December 9th, 1799.

MERCER, fs.
September Court of Quarter Sessions, '99.
Jacob Coleman, complainant,

In Chancery.
The defendants, Richard and Daniel

Teste,
Thomas Allin, C. C.

LL penfons having any demands a-gainst Nathaniel Shaw, late agent for James O'Hara, Contractor, or accounts unsettled, will please to come forward without loss of time, inor-

## der for fettlement. Lexington, 17th Sept. 1799. ALEXANDER PARKER

ALEXANDER PARKER

AS latelay received from Pphiladelphia, in addition to his former additioned, and the first part of th

Which he will fell for cash, at a much lower profit than he has done heretofore.



Roger Mourning.

June 24th, 1799.

WAR DEPARTMENT,
Troston, September 2, 1799.

A EL officers of the first regiment of artilleris
and engineers, and of the first, fecond, thi
and fourth regiments of infantry in the fervice
the United States, who are, from whatever cau
abfent from their commands, are required with
possible expedition to report themselves by letter,
major general Alexander Hamilton. The other
that call dupon, will be held amenable for any

James M. Henry.

William Denbam.

BARDSTOWN DISTRICT,
In Kentucky, to wit:
September Supreme Court, 1799.
Lewit Tomat, complainant, 1799.
Lewit Tomat, somplainant, 1799.
May, decepted, defendants, John and Mary May, beits of Jaim May decepted, defendants, John and Mary May, beits of Jaim All May May, beits of Jaim May decepted, decepted, electional to the war butter of Jaim May, decepted, decepted to the war with the lest the control of Jaim May decepted, and having a control of Jaim May, decepted, the man with the lest the little of Jaim May, decepted, and having a control of Jaim May, decepted, and having a control of Jaim May, decepted, and having a control of Jaim May, decepted to the war with the lest the control of Jaim May, decepted, and having a control of Jaim May, decepted to the man with the Jaim May decepted the law with the Jaim May decepted the Jaim May decepted

four years old—appraised to 91.

Thomas Bragg.

†3/9

m the fubfcriber, living near Pacounty, Samuel Purdie, an apfinith's butinels, about fixteen, and film made. Whoever apritice, and delim made. Whoever apritice, and deliwers him to me,

Isaac Orchard.

TO BE SOLD,

On wednesslay, the first day of January 1800, on fix months credit, at the hosse adjoining Mr. McCullough's force Lexington, a large allottenment of M. E. R. C. H. A. N. D. I. Z. E., Consisting of those Lexington, a large allottenment of M. E. R. C. H. A. N. D. I. Z. E., Ledies Hoops, and Bishops, Morocco, and Sattin shoes, Buckles, and Watch Chains, Lump Estinguishers, and a wafety of other articles too tections to mention. The field to commence at to o'clock in the morning.

FOR SALE,

THE FOLLOWING TRACTS OF MILITARY LANDS:

The purshalt to be paid in Cast, on or before the first day of March next:

ONE The first of March next:

ONE Those of March next:

ONE Think the solve county, on Harding creatly and the solve the falls.

A Hardins creek, about one half him below to Falls.

500 acres in the above county, on a branch of Hardinscreek, and about one mile below the Falls.

500 acres in the above county, adjoining the foregoing text of 500 acres. — Their three fureys were made in the name of John Lewis.

made in the name of John Lewis.

made in the half of the forest three fureys were made in the many of the state of the stat

information I have been enabled to collect relative the above lands, they are very valuable.

CUTH. BANKS.
Lexington, Dec. 2d, 1799.

8t

Lexington, Dec. 2d, 1799.

FAYETTE COUNTY:

Janes Fenly complainant,
North. Bester & George Circulated defendants.

North. Bester & George Circulated defendants.

North. Bester & George Circulated defendants.

THE defendant Cleveland not having entered his appearance agreeable to law and the roles of this court that he is not an inhibitant of this Commonth of the court that he is not an inhibitant of this Commonth of the Commo

N Pendleton county, on the Dry. r 1 widow Arnold's on the 27th infl. as r widow Arnold's on the 27th infl. as credit, to the higheft bliders, on approved fecurity, all the perional e and Kitchin Furniture, thories, to and Kitchin Furniture, thories, to ed, and immediate poffellion given, one of the beft flands for a laweru 7 manual and Georgetown. The fi

will be given by

December 7th, 1799,

Y. Wbeeler, adms.

2th

AKEN up by the flubferiber, living in

Jeffamine county, near Rice's hortenill, on the
Hickman road, a dark hay mane, 14 lament of the

Bight 30 rt 14 years old, no brand berersyable forms

Benjamin Blackford.

### European Intelligence.

## Turkey.

Turkey.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Aug. 16.
Yesterday the Porte received intelligence that Kiosse Mustapha Pacha, assisted by the Anglo Russian and Turkish steets, had taken Aboukir and Rosetta, in Egypt. The allied steets have now opened a communication in Egypt; the united troops marching aginst Alexandria, and much appears to have been effected towards conquering Egypt. Several sacks with ears, of such of the enemy as were killed, are arrived here. The Grand Seignor has presented the Tarter, who brought this intelligence, with a valuable pelice, and a pension for life.

This moment a slip arrived here from St. John d'Acre, having a number of Turks on board, who were wounded in the battle of Aboukir. The troops of the united sleets, and other Turkish troops amounted to 40,000 men. To secure Aboukir, the bulwark of Alexandria and of Egypt, the French had supplied it with troops from Alexandria and other places. The battle of Aboukir, in which Sir Sidney Smith commanded the Turksway very obitinate and bloody. A great number fell on both fides, 1500 French were put to the sword.

# Batavian Republic.

AMSTERDAM, October 4.
There are no further news from Alkmaar, of the action of the ad, but from Amsterdam they write yesterday:
"This day we know as little as yesterday evening of the action of yesterday, which is faid to be renewed; the magistrates of the city have not yet published any thing. But in a letter from Alkmaar

of Thursday morning, they write as follows:

"The action of yesterday was most bloody, and lasted till 6 o'clock in the evening. The English had advanced to Hoef, but were repulsed to Bergen. The tatack was made on all sides of our lest wing, and many places suicent action; the English had penetrated to Egmont, but in the night the French retook that place, and recovered their former polition. The village Koedyck, half a league from Alkmaar, was burnt, this day, the 3d, the battle recommenced, but we are ignorant of the refull. Russian and English prifoners were brouget to Haarlem, and no less than forty or fifty vessels arrived with wounded.

It is also known sufficiently well, that the Lemmer is taken by the English, but that a party headed by the commandant of Leerewarden had marched from that city to endeavour to regain Lemmer—the refult is not known. We have also advice, that a number of British armed vessels, frigates and others, cruie in the Zuyder Sea, and have already taken several vessels.

Since 30th September about 2,200 French troops marched through this city to join the army.

ALKMAAR, Septhmber 22.
Onr neighbouring villages have confidence.
On the september of the s

frewed with flain, Ruffians, and fome Brittifh, for whose interment we are now providing.

General Dumonceau has been cenveved to Amflerdam, where it was judged he would enjoy quietness and reposed for his recovery. Yefterday and to day we have been conflantly engaged in picting up the frayed Ruffians who hid themselves in the Berger woods, and downs.

It appears now fufficiently clear that the intention of the enemy was to dron the Ruffians along the shore and through the Downs, until below Eyncaud at fea, while the English, with a large force, should march up to fix the whole left wing betwirt two fires. But as the Ruffians now forced on betwirt Bergen & Schoorl, through the Duopen woods, they were in neditately surrounded by the French; and while the English die the French; and while the English die to fusiciently attack the centre at Schoorl, dam, gen. Dumonceau, who commanded the fame, embraced the opportunity of seconding the left wing, whereby not only the Ruffians suffered to enormously, but the English were prevented making a fortie from Petten. It is therefore erobable that the enemy being so well heaten in his right wing, prevented his march by Schermerhorn, to Alkmaar.

IN. B. The above articles are translated from one of the most arislocratical papers published in Holland.]—American IN. B. The above articles are trans-

ROTTERDAM, September 23.

# VICTORY IN HOLLAND. [OFFICIAL ACCOUNTS.]

[OFFICIAL ACCOUNTS.]

The general Bockop, chief of the ctat major of the Batavian army, to the agent of the war department of the Batavian Republic at the Hague.

CITIZEN MINISTER,
About ten o'clock this morning, I had the honor to communicate to you that the enemy had attacked our whole line, and how we were then fituated. I am nowable to give you (7 o'clock P. M.) further though brief particulars, although I have not yet received official advices.

The enemy commenced at break of day the attack on the left wing, which was composed of French troops, lituated before Patten; which obliged the French to fall back over Schoorl; but they again rallided and the 42 half brigade charged the enemy which were composed of Russians, with the bayonet and cut off their retreat towards Patten, a great number were taken prisoners, and an immense slaughter of the enemy resulted from this charge; about 800 fell, as far as I have been ablt to learn; among the prisoners were a great many officers, and the Russian theolean is a great Herman, the commander of the remaining is several pieces of cannon and two standards were taken; our troops have secured an advanced position by this action. At the time of the attack on the left army, the division-ander licut, gen. Dumonceau was also attacked, and obliged to abandon the port of Schoorldam, but regained it again according to my advices, and in good order.

The right wing of general Daandala, Lept its position until the afternoon, af-

ter having repulfed feveral attacks; but about 2 o'clock being attacked in front, about Oud-Karipel by the English and in the flank by 2000 Rushians; and in spite of the efforts adt. gen. Derutt, he could not bring the troops upon their ramparts, which was the cause of their retreat; and which also obliged the lieut, general Dandels to change his position of Oud-Karspel, and also that of St. Paneras. The retreat would have been effected in good order had not one of the ammunition chests caught fire; and threw the line into confusion. According to the report of the prisoners, a part of the Russians were departed the day before yellerday, and the remainder last night amounting to 17,000 men; the report thates that the English amount of the duke of York. Notwithanding have no official flatement of the loss of the enemy, yet it is afcertained without exaggeration to amount to be between 3 and acco killed. of Thursday morning, they write as fol-lows:

The action of vesterday was most about Oud-Karspel by the English and in

geration to amount to be between 3 and acoo killed.

The lieut, gen, Dumonceau is tolerable well this evening. I cannot well affect and the second of the se

cut; and to me.

As foon as official returns are under to me.

As foon as official returns are under to communicate to you our lofs exactly.

Health and respect,

(Signed)

MAN BOEKOP.

(Signed) WAN BOEKOP.

The general in chief, Brune, to the Batwin Directory.

"Head-Quarters, Alkman, 3d complementary day of the 7th year of the French Republic.

plementary day of the 7th year of the French Republic.

Citizens Directors,

"Since the battle of the Slaperdyk, the English have remained in their entrenchments in the Zup, without daring to attempt an action, however heing reinforced by 14,000 Ruffians, they this day made a heavy attach upon our whole line but principally on the left wing, composed of French troops, under the general Van Damme, which was attacked by a confluerable body of Ruffian troops, furported by a British division, under the general Purmonecau, was also beavily attacked by the Ruffians and English: meanwhile they but he Ruffians and English: meanwhile they made a falle attack of gen. Danadal's right wing.

"In the beginning the Ruffians penetrated into the villages Bergen and Schoorldam. Our out polts are drawn, in order to render us more compact, and to form a better line for the movement which I have ordered to be made by the centre and right wing.—The rear

in, in order to render us more compact, and to form a better line for the movement which I have ordered to be made by the centre and right wing.—The rear of the dividion of gen. Dumonceau is marched, towards Bergen, and has also moved to the left; and the reful of the battle which appeared at first doubtful, has terminated quite in our favors. The enemy is driven back into its entrenthments. We have made more than 2,000 prisoners, and the loss of the enemy in wounded and killed exceeds 3,000. Twenty-five, pieces of cannon, and five standards which was that of the regiment of Suwarrow. Among the prisoners is the gen. Herman chief of the Russian troops, The Russian Charles of the Russian troops, The Russian

"BRUNE."

but regained tragain according to my ad-but regained tragain according to my ad-vices, and in good order.

The right wing of general Daandals, keptits polition until the alternoon, af-

"SCOORL, NEAR ALKMAAR, 21ft Sept

"If there ever was any thing that could make the adherents of the Stadthelder alath, it must be the horrid translations of the day before yesterday. From the first time that the English had a footing on our shores, was this village in particular the unfortunate victim or their crede ties. The top tinds, is for us, and all inhabitants of this country, a day of mourning and abhorrence; and must remain a diigrace to the Grange party, to distant generations.

"Early in the morning of the 19th was our village which was then in possible on of the French, taken by the Russians, and then retaken by the French; and in fine, in the course of a slow time, passed three times into the hands of the contending, parties. Whenever the Russians, but for a short time became masters of this village they devoted themselves to plunder, murder, exacting of money, and all the valuables the people possible the top of the unfortunate of the unfortunate of the contending course, was the proper possible to the contending countries. Whenever the Russians on their chabitants had given up their all to the lands and while the poor inhabitants on their shading the state of the unfortunate of the contending could faint their rapacity—even after a great number of the unfortunate one all the cheshes blockers of the house, and plundered them of their contents; and while the poor inhabitants on their shading and the stands of the Russians, heavy fathers, righing infants, or beauteous maidens were spaced? The matrons, in the face of their husbands and fathers were violated in the most bratal and davage manner and the self the most hord on diright, and pechacle, of which a vall many were entity? I am after that, those who escated the bayonet, were short or in a shocking manner cut to pieces, and their many decorries left the most hord on diright, and speckacle, of which a vall many were entitled the cutteries and wantonnels from which matrices, with soften and the remove the characteristics of wild beaft than of men! Criefties and wantonnels from whi

A French huffar who conducted

"A French huffar who conducted a Alkmaar, fome of the miferable women and children, whose husbands and parents shared the fate of the day, refused to accept a purse of money which was offered him, as a recompense for his kindness; but being importuned at last submitted. Hat a control between this foldier and our wanton redeemers!

"The brave French and Dutch, to whom the fortune of war was less favourable, and who have fallen into the hands of the enemy, although their number is small are treated most cruelly; some even after they had laid down their arms, were wantonly and cowardly butchered; what a difference between such treatment, to what they experience from us!"

HAGUE, September 21.

In the fitting of yesterday (Friday) a letterwas read from the executive directory, of the same day, inclosing three letters received the day before from the secretary of the general in chief, to the French minister Guyot, containing former accounts of the last battle, which agree in the chief points, with what was mentioned in our half, under Haarlem, except that they fill further mention that lieut, general in the chief points, with what was mentioned in our half, under Haarlem, except that they fill further mention that lieut, general in our half, under Haarlem, except that they fill further mention that lieut, general in our half, and the fill further mention that lieut, general that the Batavian divisions outdid one another in courage and bravery; and that the national guards had also taken part in the action, along with which the Rotter and the courage and bravery; and that the mational guards had also taken part in the action, along with which the Rotter and the first of the second over the enemy, to the honor of the brave

ing the glorious advantages obtained over the enemy, to the honor of the brave

France.

PARIS, September 23.

ROTTERDAM GAZETTE OCH. 1, '00.

Extract from 100 different letters, dated.

Constantinopic August 26.

"We have received here the diffigreeable account of the total defort of Kinfe
Multapha Pacha, near Aboukir.

"Beonaparts, after the had been informed of the grench troops, collected his
forces & catacked the Turks, when a most
bloody battle took place, in which the latter were totally defeated, and 6000 Turks
tilled: Multapha Pacha, was taken prifoner, having lost one of his arms in the
battle. The fortreis of Aboukir fell in
confequence of this defeat, again into the
hands of the French. On the 19th inst.

ieven gun-boats failed with troops for Egpt, to reinforce Multapha Pacha, who
had requelted 12,000 foldiers, which number was not however completed, and
those tent of the printing conful, at
Aleppo. The army of the Grand Vizier, owing to their flow marching, was
yet at a cittance of three days journey
from Aleppo. The taking of Aboukir by
the French, created great emotion in Syria.

"It requires 17 days to march from

ria.
"It requires 17 days to march from
Aleppo to Aboukir, where the Grand Vi-zier intends to collect all the Turkith for-

zier intends to collect all the Turkish forces.

"The fortress of St John d'Acre is the key to all the Turkish possessions in Europe, and if Bouonaparte should succeed in getting possession of it, Constantinople would be in danger. The Greeks and Copts in Egypt remain as yet faithful to him, because they are afraid of the consequences of their already having shewn partiality towards the French. The Captain Pacha still continues with his sfeetin the Dardanelles, as we still fear that the French Bress sheet will make its appearance here.

THE KING OF PRUSSIA.

THE KING OF PRUSSIA.

LOWER BRINE, 14th Sept.

It is faid that the Pruffian corps de observation which is flationed between Wefel and Emmerch, and the garrifon of Wefel is to be augmented by 800 men;—We expect daily from Paris a Courier, which will bring a definitive andwer from the French government, on which answer his Pruffian majefty will form his refolutions of the future measures which he inatends to purfue, and which he may deem necessary under prefent circumflances.

American Intelligence.

Maryland.

BALTIMORE, November 28.
British account of the late battle in Hol-land, received by the ship Fanny, capt.
Brain, arrived at New-York, in 46 days from Glasgow.

ENGAGEMENT IN HOLLAND.

FROM THE LONDON GAZETTE EXTRAORDINARY.

TUESDAY SEPTEMBER 24.

Downing-street Sept. 24.

A dispatch, of which the following is a copy, has been this day received from field marshal his royal highness the duke of York, by the right honorable Henry Dundas, one of his majesty's principal feretaries of state.

Head-Quarters, Schagen Brug
September 20, 1799.

31R.

SIR, In my dispatch of the 16 inst. I acquain-ted you with my intentions of making an attack upon the whole of the enemy's po-sition, the moment the reinforcements

attack upon the whole of the enemy's pofition, the moment the reinforcements
joined.

Upon the 19th every necessary arrangement being made, the army moved forward in four principal colums, in the following order:

The left column under the command of
lieut, gen. fir Ralph Abercromby consisting of

ng of Two fqadrons of the 18th light dra-

Major-General the earl of Chatham's

rigade. Major-General Moor's Brigade. Major-General the earl of Cavan's bri-

irft battallion of British Grenadiers of the line.

First battalion of light infantry of the

line.
The 23d and 55th regiments under col. Macdonald, defined to turn the ene-

Two bigades of foot guards, and Major-General bis highness prince William's brigade;
The third column commanded by lieut. gen. if James Poultney, confiring of two quadrons of the 11th ight dragoons. Major-General Don's brigade.
Major-General Don's brigade.
Major-General Coote's brigade marched from the politions they occupied at bay-break the morning of the 18th, The bijec of the first column was to drive the nemy from the heights of Camper Duyne, the villages under the heights, and finally to take possession of the 18th, and finally to take possession of Ouls Carpelat the head of the Lange Dyke, a great road leading to Alkman.
It is necessary to observe, that the country in which when the most of the country in which when the most of the country in which when the fea in front of Detton to the town of Bergen, and were intrenched in three intermediate willages. The country over which the common under lieut. gen. Dundas, and fir James Pultney had to move for the attack of the fortished post Walmenhysfen. Schoreldam, and the Lange Dyke, is a plain interfeced every three for the understands of the stacks of the fortished post Walmenhysfen. Schoreldam, and the Lange Dyke, is a plain interfeced every three for hundrad acanals.—The bridges across the only two or three roads which led to these places, we re destroyed and abbatis were laid at different distances.

Lieut, gen. D'Hermann's column, commenced its attack, which was conducted with the greatest tipirit and gallantry, at alian interfeced every three for hundrad acanals.—The bridges across the only two or chocked the formidable refisance with was placed, and the Russan and Febretchekess were aliad at the war of the server as the profession of Bergen. In the wooded country which furrounded with the greatest tipirit and gallantry, at his passes the principal force of the enemy was placed, and the Russan and Febretchekess were made prioners, the bein profession of Bergen. In the wooded country which furrounded with lieut, gen. Dundas's column, which after a king br

my's right, on the Zuyder Zee and marched atins o'clock in the evening of the 18th.

The columns upon the right, the first commanded by lieut. gen. D'Hermann constituing of The yi light dragoons.

Twelve battalions of Russians, and Major-General Manners' brigade; the fee and commanded by lieut. gen. Dundas, constituing of Two fquadrons of the 11th light dragoons.

Two brigades of foot guards, and Major-General his highness prince William's brigade;

ness Prince William, D'Oyley, Ma Burard, and Don, to whose spirite ertions the credit gained by the bri they commanded was greatly to be

they commanded was greatly to be imputed.

Capt. Sir Home Popham and feveral officers of my ftaff exerted themfelves to the utmoit, and rendered me moft effential fervice. I feel also much indebted to the spirited conduct of a detachment of feamen underthe direction Sir Home Popham and Captain Godfrey of the navy, in the conduct of three gun-boats, each carrying one twelve pound ceronade, which acted with confiderable effect on the Alkmar canal; nor must I omit expressing my acknowledgments to the Rufnan Major Gens. Effen, Sadmoratzky and Schoutorff.

I transmit herewith returns of the killed, wounded and missing.

I am, Sir, your's,

FREDERICK.

P. S. Not having yet received return of the lofs fultained by the Russian troops I can only observe that I understand their loss in killed wounded and missing amounts to nearly 15,00 men.

## Lexington, December 19.

A New-Jerfey paper fays that Peter Porcupine has ceased printing, and is a-bout removing from Philadelphia to New-York, in confequence of the election of judge M'Ken to the Governmenta-chair of Penniylvania.

An arrival at Philadelphia from Bata- H An arrival at Philadelphia from Dau-via, (Eafl Indies) brings intelligence, o the arrival of Buonaparte with his army in the Eafl-Indies, and that the native-are flocking from all quarters to join his flandard.—Our readers will fee how this news corresponds with that under the Confantinople and Paris heads.

METALIC RHEUMATIC RINGS

William Kenny.

oy wearing a ring I have got fi got clear of the pains. William Ross.

Jesse Williams,
Bourbon Cour

ofe who have used of my rings, ore ward to me certificates of their el

E. WEST. on, Docember 12th, 1799.

LEXINGTON LODGE, No. 25.



THE members of this Lodge are requested to be punctual in attending their half, on Friday to A. M. precisely, it being half and you can be the Engage of the Comment of the Engage of the Comment of the Engage of t

brate that day according to autient cultum JAs. BLISS, See'y 2t 18th December, 1799.

AKEN up by the fubferiber, living in clarke country on Hendricks creek, a branch of Red viver, a force long, three years of self pring, about thirteen hands high, stunded on each cheek with 3, a flar in his forchead—appraired to 25 dollars.

James M' Keeben. August 29th, 1799.

CHRISTOPHER SMEDLEY,

MONEY.

MONEY.

WE will fell at a very reduced price for money, a finall but valuable tract; of abount 50 acres of LAND, within one mile of Lexington, on the great road to Bourbon, thirty acres of which is pretty well timbered; the balance ready for cultivation.

Alfo, an OUT-LOT on Back Street, containing four acres, one and a half of which is laid off in a handfome garden, with a never-failing well of excellent water, and a log cabbin—the remainder in timothy and clower.

We will alfo fell 2000 acres of MILITARY LAND, of an excellent quality, on Cumberland river, near Walker's fettlement, adjoining M'Nabb, Fizhugh, &c..—The title to which is indifputable.

And if any gentleman, with a hand, fome capital, willnes to make an indepen-

tlement, adjoining M.Nath. Firzhugh, Sc.—The title to which is indifputable.
And if any gentleman, with a handome capital, withes to make an independant fortune, we will fell him our poffessions in this town, far superior to any in the state for a PUBLIC HOUSE, and ready furnished to enter on business immediately.

\*\*\* Those indebted by bond, note, or book account, cannot choose a time for book account, cannot choose a time for book account, cannot choose a time for book account, cannot choose to time for book account, cannot choose a time for book account,

LAWS OF CONGRESS.

A few copies of the
ACTS OF CONGRESS, For fale. Apply at this Office.

BY LAST EVENING'S MAIL.

European intelligence.

England.

England.

LONDON, September 27.

We this morning received Paris Journals to the 23d inflant in which we have made fuch extracts as our limits will admit. They do not contain much that is important from the armies.

By an article from Brufels of the 16th infl. it would appear that the Prufinan are in motion, and that this circumflance excites fome degree of alarm.

The fituation of the army in Italy may be collected from the following articles, which appear in the Paris papers of the latest date:

"Citizen Beauport; chief of brigade commanding at Genoa, writes as follows, under date of the 7th Sept. "I am much afraid that Genoa will become a fecond Verona for me. A civil war will fooner or later break out within our walls.—The patriotic, and arifocratic parties have already more than once come to blows amongfus.

"I have not half a fufficient number of foldiers to prefere the tranquillity of the city. We yesterday received accounts from gen. Championet. His advanced guard is proceeding towards Coni. The day before yesterday we expected to see the enemy before the gates of Genoa; but the approach of Championet has caused them to retreat, the vickory of Massen in Helvetia will probably force the Austro-Rullians to evacuate Piedmont."

They write from Gavi, under date of Sept. 7: "This morning the Austrians precipitately bandoned the positions of Caroso, Elbrisco, Parodi, &c. carrying with them all their artillery. They retired in two columns, one of which has taken the road towards Seravalle, and the other has directed its march towards St. Christophere Thus our communication with Genoa is re-established.

"Moreau is marching against Novi. This unexpected movement is in confequence, it is faid, of Champiotet's advancing with green at expedition into the Milanes. It is to prevent the junction of those three corps that Suwarrow has retreated."

American Intelligence.

Maryland.

BALTIMORE, November 25.

ARRIVED THIS DAY,
Sebr. Cabot, captain Crompton from Embden, which he left the 13th ultimo. He informs, that the first Russan division which landed in the Texel on the 13th September, attacked the Dutch and Brench troops, the day after they landed without being refreshed or others prepared for action, and every man was killed on taken prisoner. The division consisting of 7000 men.

The division consisting of 7000 men.

The division consisting of 7000 men.

### SACRED TO THE MUSES.

THE CAPTIVES

WITHIN a prison's gloomy cell, A captive figh'd and wept; Defpair did on each feature dwell. And anguish round him crept.

Near his finall window, closely barr'd, He faintly leaned his head, The passing gale his wailings heard, As thus he fadly faid :

"Tis true the winter wears no fmile,

44 And rudely doth it woo; "Nor flatters to undo-

44 The howling blaft doth rock these walls, "And tears you aged oak! " It warns you of the ftroke

" But man, (yes, man, the artful foo,) "Purfues you with a finile;
"With flattery decks his yielding brow,

" And ftabs you in the while. 44 Advertity unfeen, draws nigh, 44 When pleasures wanton round;

" Sudden its livid lightnings fly, " And ftrikes you to the ground.

"The feather'd race, that fweeping, fkim "Far o'er you spreading plain, on the steady pinion, "Through air ;-are free from pain

"Yes, fly ve birds! the carol raife,

"For you are furely free,
"But ah! those artless, cheerful lays, " But raife the figh in me,

"Oh! had I wings like you! glad then, "I'd shape my airy way;
"Far from the faithless haunts of a

"Forever would I ftray,

" Should foothe my troubled break;

While glooms of untrod woods I'd roam, " And leave my cares to reft.

"Haft! hafte! ye thoughtless fongsters, hafte, "Far from these regions fly;

4 E'en now whilft freedom's sweets you taste 66 Some hidden danger's nigh :

66 Perhaps, for you, e'en now is laid, "Some cunning wily fnare,
"Soon to the gilded cage betray'd,

"You'll mourn your native air

44 No more the blushing fruit you'll taste,
45 Or sip the bubbling rill; 66 No more the roses blossom waste,

"Unconscious of the ill.

"The bending spray, (now green in vain,)
"The May bush' silver pride; "No longer tempt the swelling strain, " These all are now denied.

"Yet even then, poor fenfelefs thing,

"You'll carol as before;
"Forbid to ftretch the gloffy wing " Or with the morning foar

"But man, endow'd with reason here,
"Doubly feel each woe;

"While thoughts of joy fled, flart the tear, "Keener his forrows grow.

"On me scarce deigns to smile;
"To lasting fortows long betray'd,

41 No joys my cares beguile.

come then despair, here dwell with n 66 You never flatter'd yet;

of The cheerless day I'll pass with thee, " And former fcenes forget."

He ceas'd-but fill each figh he gave, Loud spoke his swelling grief; And told, that only in the grave, His forrows fought relief.

ANECDOTE.

# THE FRENCH SWIMMER.

THE FRENCH SWIMMER.

Among the Parifian refugees who lately came to Dieppe, on their way to England, was Monfieur D. who arrived at the above port, late in the evening, and finding the packet would not fail until early the enduing morning, he fent his trunk on board, and retired to reft at his trunk on board, and retired to reft at his trunk on board, and retired to reft at his trunk on board, and retired to fail and the word of the captain that he should be called previous to the failing of the veffel. In the hurry, however, poor Mr. D. was forgotten, and the packet of course got under way without him.

It was day-light before he awoke, when, It was day-light before he awoke, when, It was day-light before he awoke, when,

on enquiry, he found, to his inexprefible mortification, that the had put it fea full threte house, the ran had put to fea full threte house, the ran had put it feat to the beach, but the extreme thick fog, which grevailed, utterly prevented his even obtaining a transfert glimpse of her fails. Notwithstanding it rained in a most vio. lent degree, a waterman undertook, for an additional reward, to follow the packet; about two leagues distance from Dieppe the boat came along side of her, and poor Monsieur D. immediately got on board, completely wet to the skin, as if he had been ducked. The captain, on feeing him enter the cabin, was thunderstruck with his appearance, and requested to know how, in the name of wonder, he came from land?—Monsieur D. instited that he swam on board, and shewed his wet clotes in proof of his affection. The captain in vain attempted to discover the boat, which was returning, on account of the fog which still continued. After complimenting his passinger on his extraordinary abilities as a wonderful swimmer, he waved taking the sum agreed on for his passing, and one of the company offered a bet of two hundred guineas, that he had a servant would beat any man in England at that exercise; the wager was immediately accepted by the commander of the packet, who went in search of Monsieur D. He started at the prop sal confeions that he could not swim a line servance of still. All parties were at the place by the appointed time, exc. Monsieur D. After waiting some time, they observed him stiring to mer time, they observed him stridge towards them in an enormous pair of sisternals, and that is he succeeded he should have one hundred spineas for this sum of the sarried a small box. On their will have the captain of the sarried a spine sow, and the sarried a small box. On their desiring aim to draw off his boots, and undershe replied, w Veritable, me time the sarried as final box. On the sarried as final box. On the sarried as final box on the sarried as final box. On the sarried as final box. In

WILLIAM WEST

REQUESTS all those indebted to him
to pay their respective balances by
the 1st of next month. He hopes the
notice will be attended to, otherwise la
galdeps will be taken to obtain payment
and has Fore SALE, a VARIETY OF
MERCHANDIZE;
Through which are more of the resi-

MERCHANDIZE;
Amongst which are, many of the most useful and necessary articles for the approaching season—which he will sell as cheap as any in this town, for Cash or such articles of country produce as may consider.

Lexington, 7th Nov. 1799.

A LL Persons ndebted to the late JAME

Sarab Nourse, administratix, fames Hugbes, administrato ALSO—All perfons having claims on the eftate for lands, are defired to apply to James Hughes at the fame times and places.

Sarab Nourse,

James Hughes,

Guardians to the infant heirs.

Lexington, September 16, 1799. 13t

TAKEN up by the fubriller, on the vaters of Eagle creek, abay filey, two years old, thirteen and shalf hands high, no brand perceivable, a final that in her forebase, the near hind foot white, and white foot on the eff hind foot, appraided to 10.

\*\*Toon Gibson\*\*
Scott county, Nov. 2cth, 1799.

Scott county, Nov. 20th, 1799.

TAKEN up by the fubfcriber, living in Gocean county, on Ruffels creek, a bay filley, with a bold face, two years old, about thirteen hands and a shalf high, with a hole in her right not first, a lump on the near right of first belly, one glaft eve, practice of the transfer of the start barded, appraided to 31. to 2—410 to 20 to 10 to 20 t

December 2d, 1799.

ment of
ORY GOODS,
GROCERIES,
HARD WARE,
QUEEN'S WARE, &c.
which will be fold very low for cath; but no credit
seed be expected.

George Tegarden

THE fubscriber begs leave to inform his friends and the public in general, that he at opened

has opened

TAVERN

at the fign of the Sheaf of Wheat, just back of the
court-house, He is furnished with every necessity
which may tend to accommodate those who may call
upon him.

TROMAS TERRATIS.

Lexington, January 16, 1799.

beef, beef tonguers, cheefer &cc. &cc.

VAS delivered to the post-marker here in the Vp post-office, on the evening of Tuesday the Trib path, a letter directed to unr. John Miles, merchant in Baltimore, containing two Alexandria bask, and the Agriculture of th

Wilson & Swan

Gredericksburg, Virginia,

9th September, 1799.

MI printers in the United States are requested to
publish the above, and we will pay.

W. & S.

\*\* All primers is the United States are rejucted to publish the above, and we will up.

\*\*Twenty Dollars Reward.

RAN-AWAY from the flubferiber, lintant, and took with him a finall black dog, a Mulatto Man, named

10 HN LE W IS,

About 5 feet, 2 or 3 inches high,—took with him two coats, one a blue and white striped, with a black velvet cape, the other a bluith greyone—a white striped, gale to the result of the striped lacket with sleeves, and an under jacket of lintley, with sleeves, and an under jacket of lintley, with sleeves, and one Irish lines striped and the striped lacket with sleeves, and one Irish lines striped and the striped lacket with sleeves, and one Irish lines striped and striped lacket with sleeves, and one Irish lines striped lacket with sleeves, and one Irish lines striped lacket with sleeves, and sheet with the amy under Harmer or St. Clair, and I expect he has got a discharge of that kind with him. He has holes in his ears, and I expect he will wear ear-rings. Any person securing said fellow in the flate, shall receive ten dollars, or the above reward if taken out of the flate, and reasonable charges if brought home.

ECORGE MANSELA

Nov. 4, 1799.

FOR SALE.

FIVE HUNDRED acres of land
the waters of Slate, or Lulbulgrud, in Cla

Alfo 295 acres near the above.
Alfo 295 acres near the above.
Alfo 295 acres near the about 16 miles from
incoln court house.
About 300 acres Big Brash creek, Greene county.
About 490 acres on and near the road from HarAbout 490 acres on and near the road from Hardhung, to Frankfort, near Cursy Horfe Millor tenns and to the fubficiber, in Jesiamine coun-

Fauquier county, Virginos,
November 6th, 1799. \$

Just received, and for fale by GRAINGER & WHELAN.
At the flore lately occupied by Mr. Robert Barr, 1870, 1

Superfine Cloths, Ladies' & Gentlemen's Prints, Holder's Holder's

W Grainger. Lexington, August 15, 1799.

For sale at this Office,
THE KENTUCKY ALMANAC,

JUST RECEIVED,

ow opening for falls, a large and general affor
ORY GOODS,

GROCERIES,

GROCERIES, GEO. POYZER-

December It.

I WILL SELL OR RENT,

THE place where i now live, fituate at
the forks of Eagle creek, fitteen miles from
Georgetown, on the Cincinnal road, as good a
country fland for a TAVERN, as any in this fate.
A particular defeription of the place and improvements is unneceffary, at the perfon inclining
to purchate or rent, would tee the premites. However, for information, enquire of Eagn. D. Weiliger,
in Frankforz, Capt. J. Hunter, in Georgetown, or
for the place and the premites are called a service of the place and
called the control of the place and the
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place of the place of the place of the place of the
place of the place of the place of the place of the place of the
December 18, 1799.

December 12, 1799.

Francis Durrett. December 9th, 1799.

TO BE RENTED,
TOR ose or more years, A FARM on Dicks river-fifty acres cleared and under good fence,
a good dwelling house and kitchen, pfring and dipringhouse, peach and apple orchard, a faw-mill and oilmill, four working hands, a waggess and team, all
in good repair. For terms apply to the fablicriber,
living on the place.

George Elliott.
Garrard county, Dec. 7th 1799. +2t

A Lt. thois indebted to the fublicities, either by hond, note or book account, are requested to make payment. Those who choose to dicharge their accounts by paying wheat at three shillings per bushel, may get credity bedieveing their wheat at the mill formerly telenging to Mr. Tollore Craig, at the mill formerly telenging to Mr. Tollore Craig, the 5th of January next.

Rodes Thompson.

11th December, 1799.

# FRESH GOODS.

THE SUBSCRIBER,

HAS juk received from Philadelphia, and is now
I opening for fale, in the brick house, lately occupied by Mr. A. Hare, a handlome, and very geteral affortment of

MERCHANDIZE,

Among which are the following articles:
superfine cloths,
Fine and coarie do.
Kerikymares,
Sinnieds,
Sinni lankets, elvets, Thicksets, Cor-duroys and Fustians, air Plush stuffs, rown and White Irish Linens,

Linens,
Calicogs and coarfe muf-ling
Fine account do.
Plain, triped and tam-bored do.
Book and Jaconet hand-kerchiefs,

A general affortment of Cuttlery,
Defit and bureau furniture,
Ture,
Ture Morie's Universal Geo-graphy—2 vols.
Do. American do. 1 vol.
Do. do. and Universal abridged,
Staunton's embasly,
Scott's Gazetteer,
American do,
Scott's Leffons,
Taplin's and Mills' Far-

and Mulcovado fu-gars, Pepper and fpices, Arnotto Rolin, Brimitone, Copperas and Logwood, Cotton, Wool and Hat-ters' Cards. Alfo, a few excellent double and fingle trig-ger'd Rifle Guns.

All which will be fold at reduced prices for ready maney only.

N. BURROWES.

N. B. N. Burrows requests those indebted, to come forward and make payment, or close their ac-counts, by giving their notes. No further notice will be given.

will be given.

LAWSON M5CULLOUGH,
TATLOR:

TAKES this method of informing his friends and cultumers, that he has rented a room on Main Street up flairs, in the house where Mr. Robert Those who will lyined, two doors below Mell Trottee & Scotts' flore, where he carries on his bulinefs. Those who will please to favor him with their cultum, may depend on having their work done with dispatch, nearist and punctuality.

TAKEN up by the flubfcriber, living in Bourbon county, on Plumb lick creek, a bay mare and colt—the mare is judged to be nine or tany across did between fourteen and fifteen hands for tany across the live for the mare handled, handled on the near flouder, him her forchead, branded on the near flouder, the force which what, had sha nold three hilling bell, precivable what, had sha nold three hilling bell, precivable what, had sha nold three hilling bell, precivable what, had sha nold the chilling bell, precivable what, had sha nold three hilling bell, precivable when the share the share of the share

JUST PUBLISHED, AND FOR SALE AT THIS OFFICE, CORRESPONDENCE

GEORGE BETWEEN
GEORGE NICHOLAS, Esq.
OF KENTUCKY,
AND
The Hon. ROBERT G. HARPER,
MEMBER OF CONGRESS
From the Diffried of Ninety-Six,
SOUTH CAROLINA.



their collections, in manner aforesaid, render to the supervisor of the district, or the inspector of the survey within which the said collection shall respectively, be made, a sull and true account of the collections made by them respectively within the month, and pay over to the said supervisor or inspector, the monies by them respectively collected within the said term: And if any such collector shall sail or neglect to account and pay over, as aforesaid, at any of the periods above prescribed, such collector shall forfeit and pay three hundred dollars, to be recovered to the use of the United States, with costs of suit, in any court having competent jurisdiction: And where any monies shall have been paid, as aforesaid, to the inspector of a survey, by any collector, the receipt of such inspector shall be allowed to such collector, in the sinal settlement of his accounts with the supervisor of the district.

Sec. 15. And be it further enacted, That each of the faid collectors shall complete, the collection of all fums affigned to him for collection, as aforefaid, and shall account for, and pay over the same to the supervisor of the district, within one year and one month from and after the time when the faid tax shall have become due and payable, in manner aforesaid; and if amy collector shall fail so to collect, account and pay over, it shall be the duty of the supervisor of the district, and he is hereby authorized and required to iffue a warrant of diffrefs against fuch delinquent collector and his fureties, directed to the marshal of the district, therein expressing the amount of the taxes imposed on the district of such collector, and the sums. if any, which have been paid; and the faid marshal shall himself, or by his deputy immediately proceed to levy and collect the fum which may remain due, by diffress and sale of the goods and chattels, or any personal effects of the delinquent collector; and for want of goods, chattles or effects, aforefaid, sufficient to satisfy the said warrant, the same may be levied on the person of the collector, who may be committed to prison there to remain, until discharged in due course of law. And furthermore, notwithflanding the commitment of the collector to prison, as aforesaid, or if he ablcond, and goods, chattles and effects cannot be found, sufficient to satisfy the faid warrant, the faidmarshal, or his deputy, shall and may proceed to levy and collect the fum which may remain due, by diffress and sale of the goods and chattles, or any personal effects, of the furety or fureties of the delinquent collector.

Sec. 16. And be it further enacted, That the amount of the sums committed to any collector, for collection as aforesaid, shall, and the same are hereby declared to be a lien upon the lands and real estate of such collector, and his sureties, until the same shall be discharged, according to law; and for want of goods and chattles, or other personal effects of such collecter, or his sureties, sufficient to satisfy any warrant of distress issued pursuant to the preceding section of this act, the lands and real estate of such collector, and his sureties, or so much thereof as may be necessary for satisfying the said warrant, after being advertised for at least three weeks, in not less than three public places in the collection district, and in one newspaper printed in the county, if any there be, prior to the proposed time of sale, may and shall be fold by the marshal or his deputy; and for all lands and real estate, sold in pursuance of the authority aforesaid, the conveyances of the marshals, or their deputies, executed in due form of law, shall afford a valid title against all persons claiming under the delinquent collectors, or their

furcties, aforefaid; and all monies that may remain of the proceeds of fuch fale, after fatisfying the faid warrant of diffrefs, and paying the reasonable costs and charges of fale, shall be returned to the proprietor of the lands or

real estate fold as aforefaid.

Sec. 17. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the supervisors of the respective districts, at any time, for good and sufficient cause, to difinifs or discharge each or any collector from office, and to commit the collection of any part of the faid tax remaining uncollected, to a new collector; and immediately upon fuch difmission, and after a notification thereof, in at least two public places in the collection district, by the fupervisor, or the furveyor of the revenue for the district, on his behalf, the powers of the collector fo difmissed, shall cease and terminate; and if any collector fo difmissed, shall wilfully refuse or neglect to surrender his collection lift, and to render a true account of all monies collected and to pay over the fame according to the directions of the supervisor, each and eve-Ty fuch collector shall forfeit and pay a sum not exceeding four thousand dollars with costs of fuit, to be recovered to the use of the United States, in any court having competent jurisdiction : Provided, That nothing hereia contained shall be construed to impair the responsibility of any collector, or his fureties, arifing under the foregeing provisions of this act.

Sec. 18. And be it further enacted, That each and every collector, who Thall exercise, or be guilty of any extortion or oppression, under colour of this act, or shall demand other or greater fums than shall be authorized by law shall be liable to pay a fum not exceeding three hundred dollars ; to be recovered by and for the use of the party injured, with costs of fuit in any court having competent jurifdiction; and each and every collector shall, if required, give receipts for all fums by them collected and retained, in pur-

Juance of this act.

Sec. 19. And be it further enacted, That for collecting the faid tax, there shall be allowed and paid, the following sums, and no more, to be retained by the feveral officers hereinafter mentioned in the final fettlement of their accounts; respectively; that is to fay: To each supervisor, one half per centum, on the whole amount of the monies by him received and accounted for, under and by virtue of this act; to every inspector, one fourth per centum, on the whole amount of the monies to be by him received and accounted for as aforefaid; and to every collector, five per centum, on the whole amount of the monies by him to be received and accounted for as aforesaid : Provided, That no collector shall receive the said allowance, for, or in respect to any sum for which a warrant of distress shall have been issued by him; and Provided also, That no collector who shall refuse or neglect to render, according to this act, any monthly account of monies by him received, as aforefaid, or to pay over the fame, as is hereby directed, shall be entitled to or receive the faid allowance, upon all or any of the monies by him collected, within the month for which he shall so refuse or neglect to account and pay over, as aforesaid.

Sec. 20. And be it further enacted, That there shall be allowed to the furveyors of the revenue, respectively, to be paid by the supervisors respectively, and exhibited in their accounts, as part of the charge of the faid collection, for preparing collection lifts, and computing the taxes payable by each individual, at the rate of one dollar for every hundred taxables

contained in any fuch lift.

Sec. 21. And be it further enasted, That a separate account shall be

kept at the Treasury of the United States of all monies to be collected and received by virtue of this act; distinguishing the several amounts received from dwelling-houses, from slaves, and from lands, within each state, and also distinguishing the amount received in each state from each separate description of dwelling-houses, paying the same rate per centum.

JONATHAN DAYTON,

Speaker of the House of Representatives. THEODORE SEDGWICK,

President of the Senate, pro tempore.

APPROVED,—July 14, 1798.
JOHN ADAMS,

President of the United States.